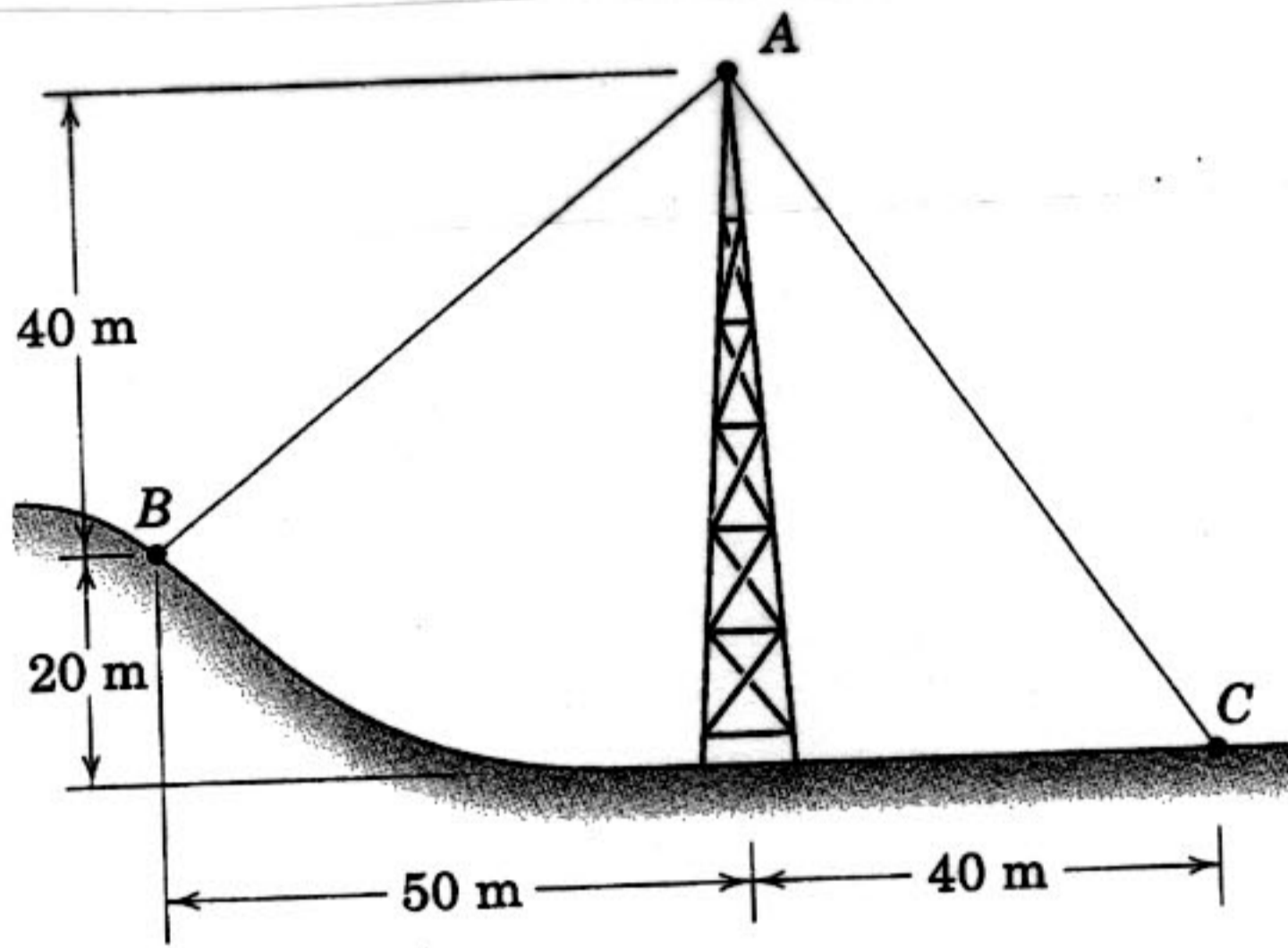
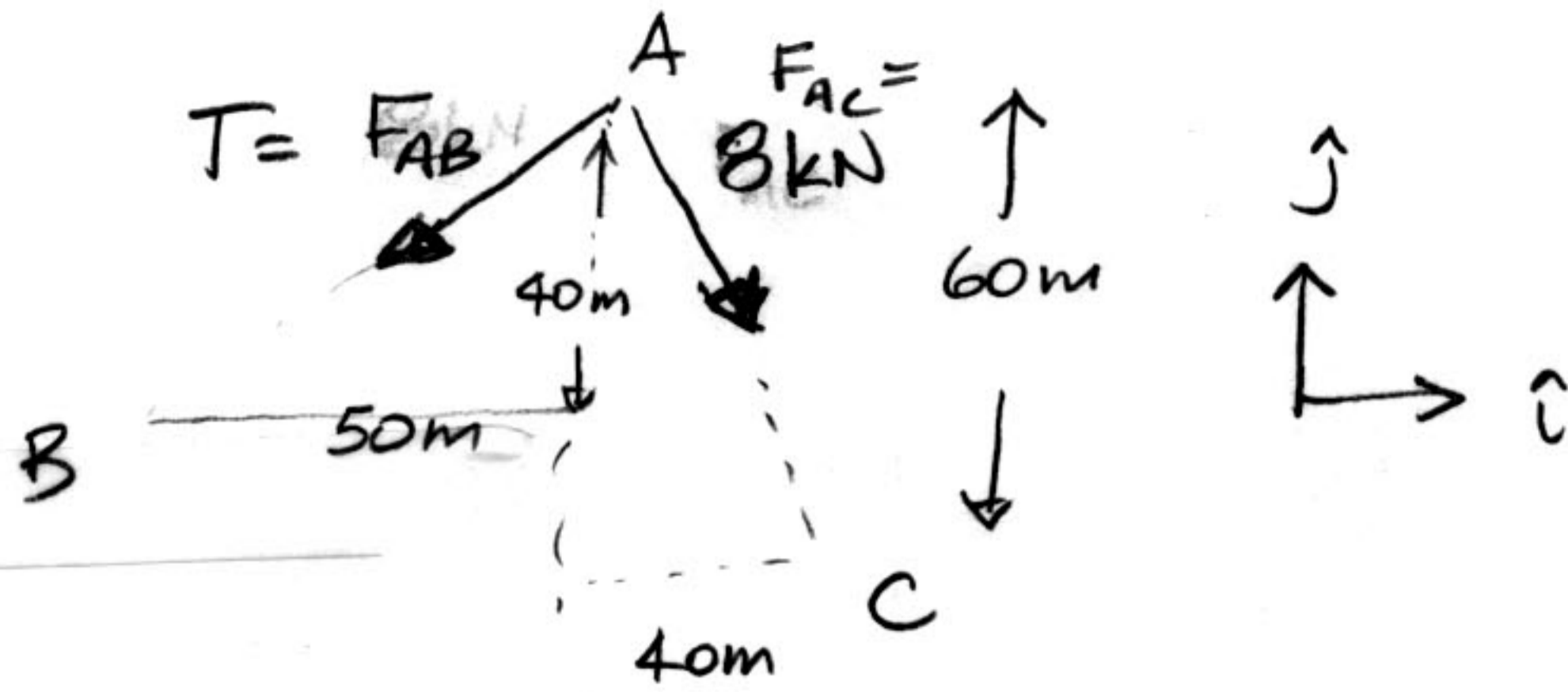


2/25; p.36

ENGR  
HW#A-202  
DUE 9/21/02  
JOE BURNS



We want  $F_{AB} + F_{AC} = F \hat{j}$  (vertical component only)

This means  $-F_{ABx} = F_{ACx}$

$$F_{AB} \frac{50}{\sqrt{40^2 + 50^2}} = (8 \text{ kN}) \frac{40}{\sqrt{40^2 + 60^2}}$$

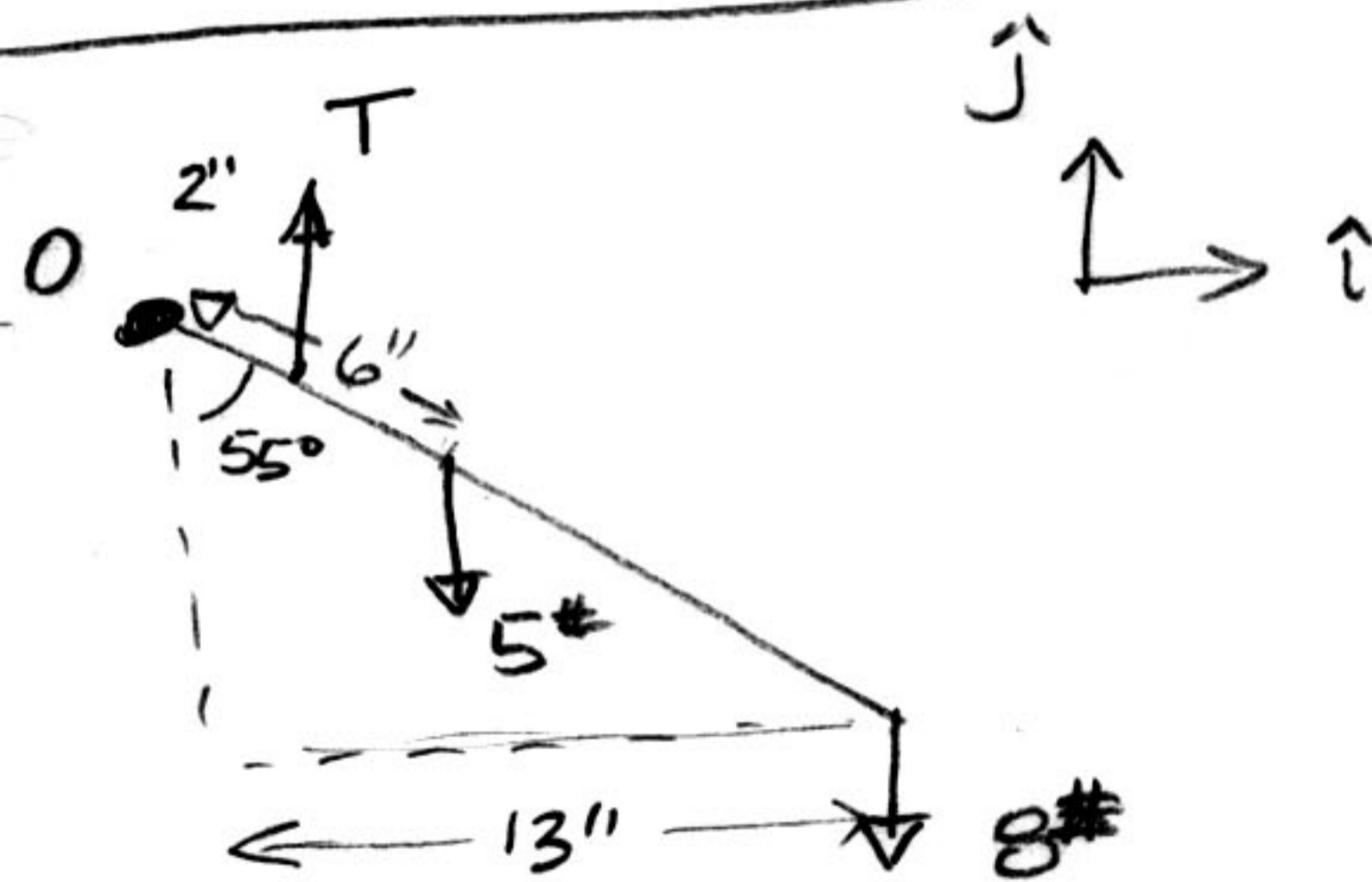
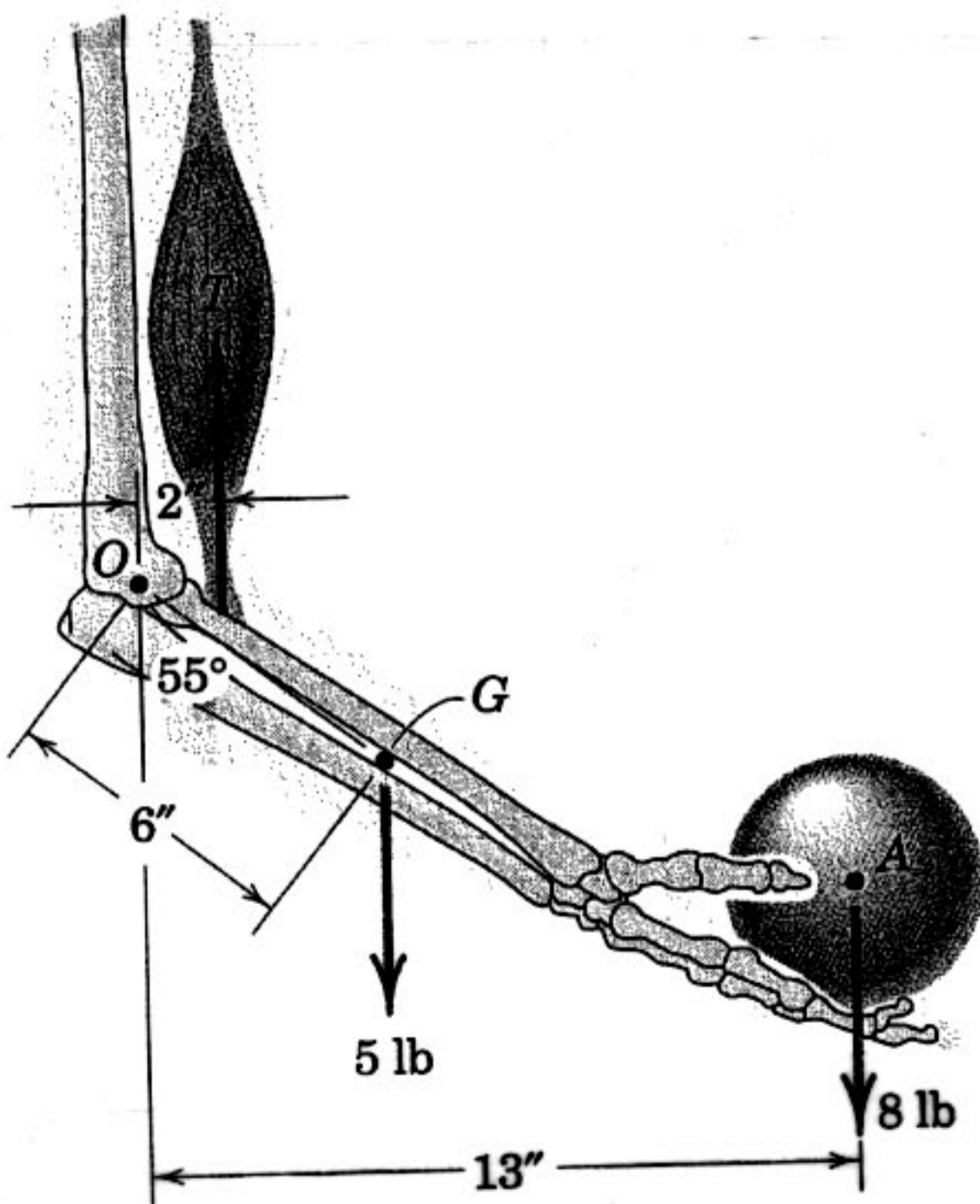
$$\therefore F_{AB} = 8 \left( \frac{40}{50} \right) \left( \frac{\sqrt{40^2 + 50^2}}{\sqrt{40^2 + 60^2}} \right) \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{or } T = 6.4 \sqrt{\frac{41}{52}} \text{ kN} = \boxed{5.68 \text{ kN}}$$

$$R = T_y + F_{ACy} = \left[ 5.68 \left( \frac{4}{\sqrt{4^2 + 5^2}} \right) + 8 \frac{6}{\sqrt{4^2 + 6^2}} \right] \text{ kN}$$

$$\boxed{R = 10.21 \text{ kN}}$$

2/35 p.43



$$\sum \underline{M}_O \cdot \hat{k} = -8 \# (13 \text{ in}) - 5 \# (6 \sin 55^\circ)$$

$$= -128.6 \# \cdot \text{in}$$

← into paper

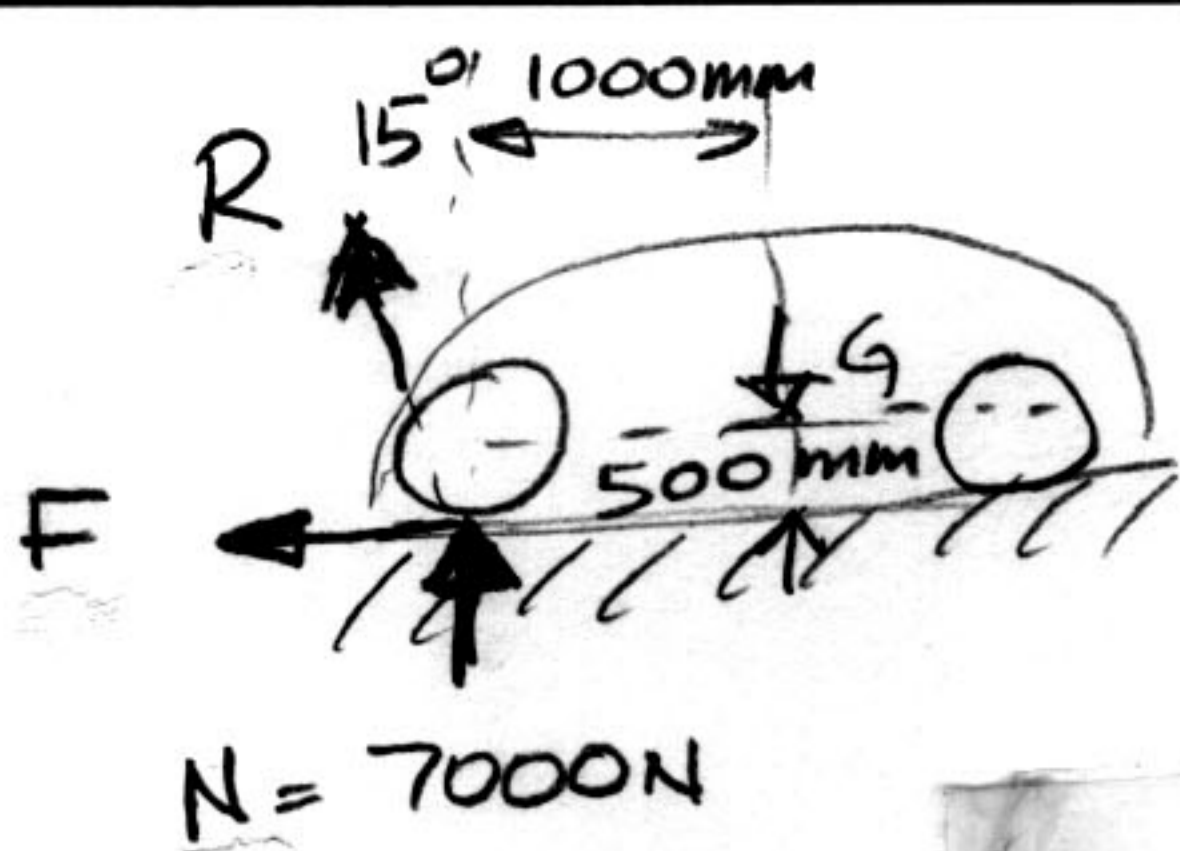
If biceps resists

$$\sum \underline{M}_O \cdot \hat{k} = 0 = -128.6 \# \cdot \text{in} + (2 \text{ in}) T$$

$$\therefore \boxed{T = 64.3 \#}$$



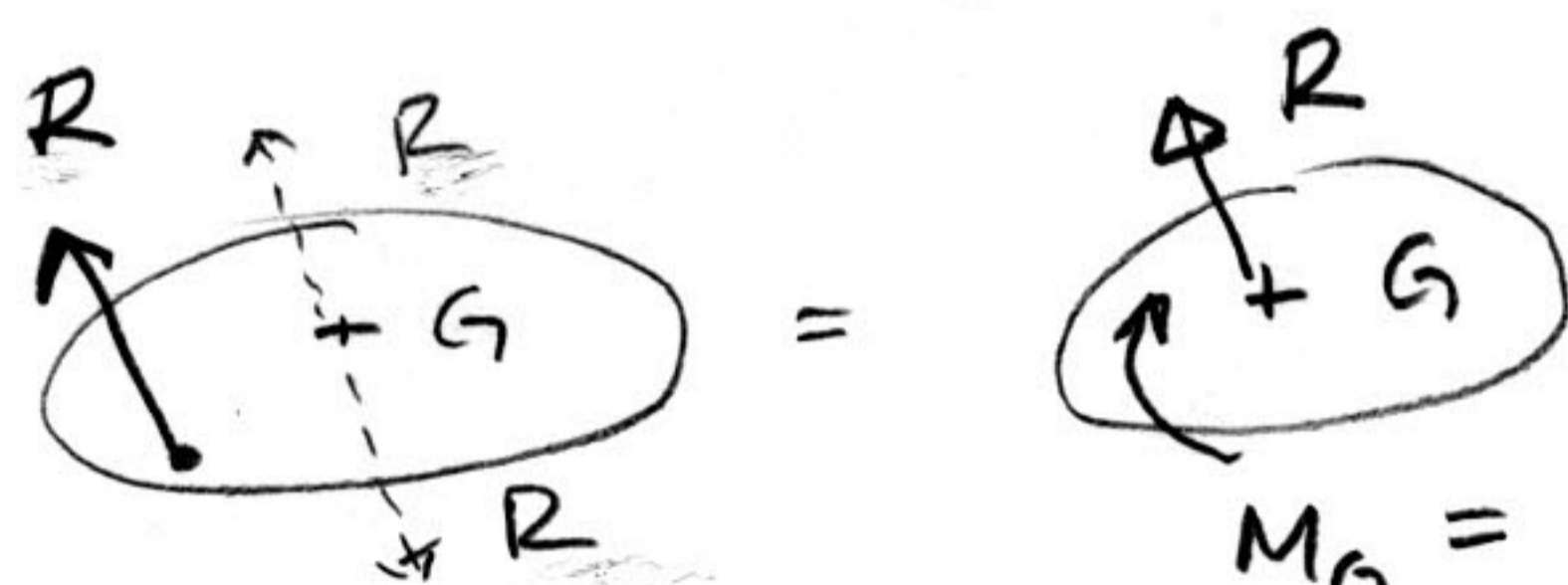
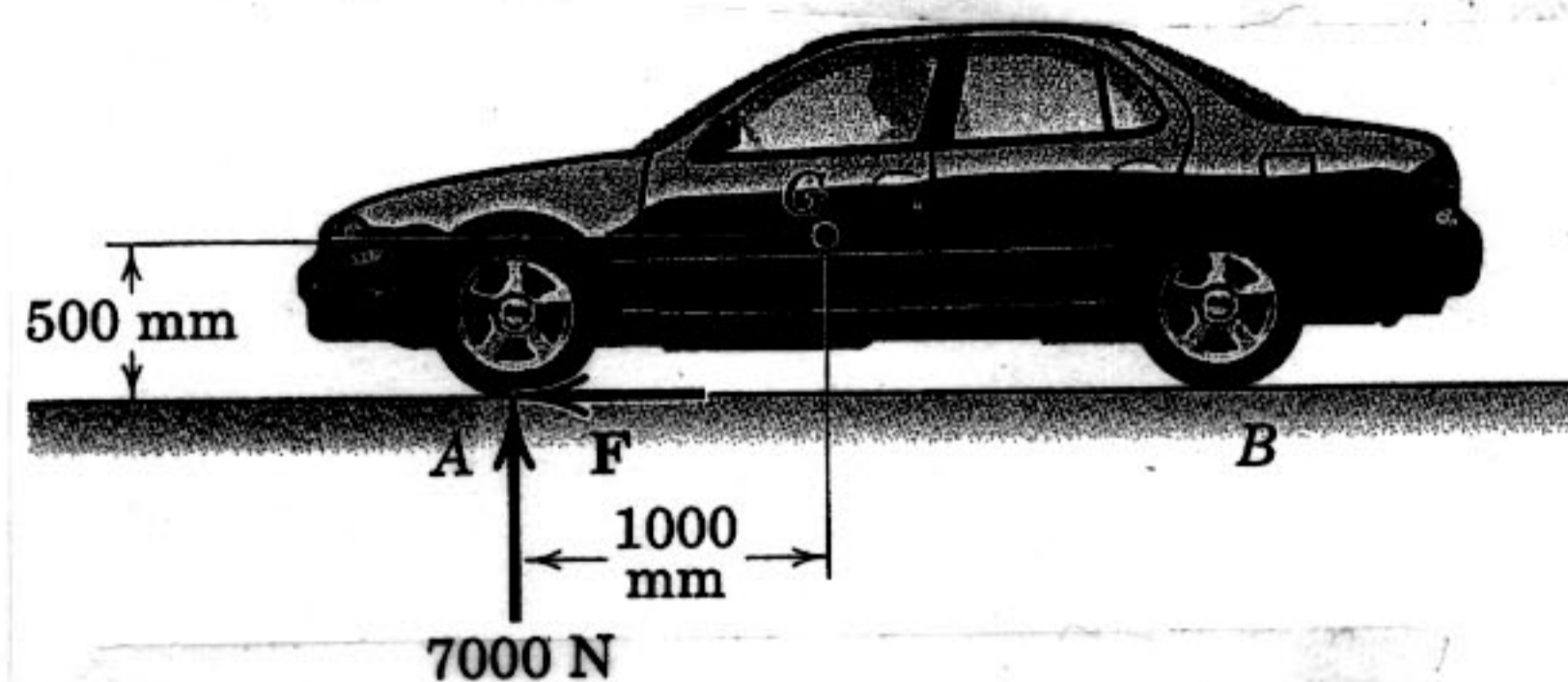
2/71  
P. 55



HW#A  
ENGR 202

JOE BURNS

$\underline{N} + \underline{F} = \underline{R}$   
 To find F:  $\frac{F}{N} = \tan 15$   
 $\therefore F = N \tan 15$   
 $= 1875 \text{ Newtons}$



$M_G = Fy + Nx$  since F is only x  
 N is only y

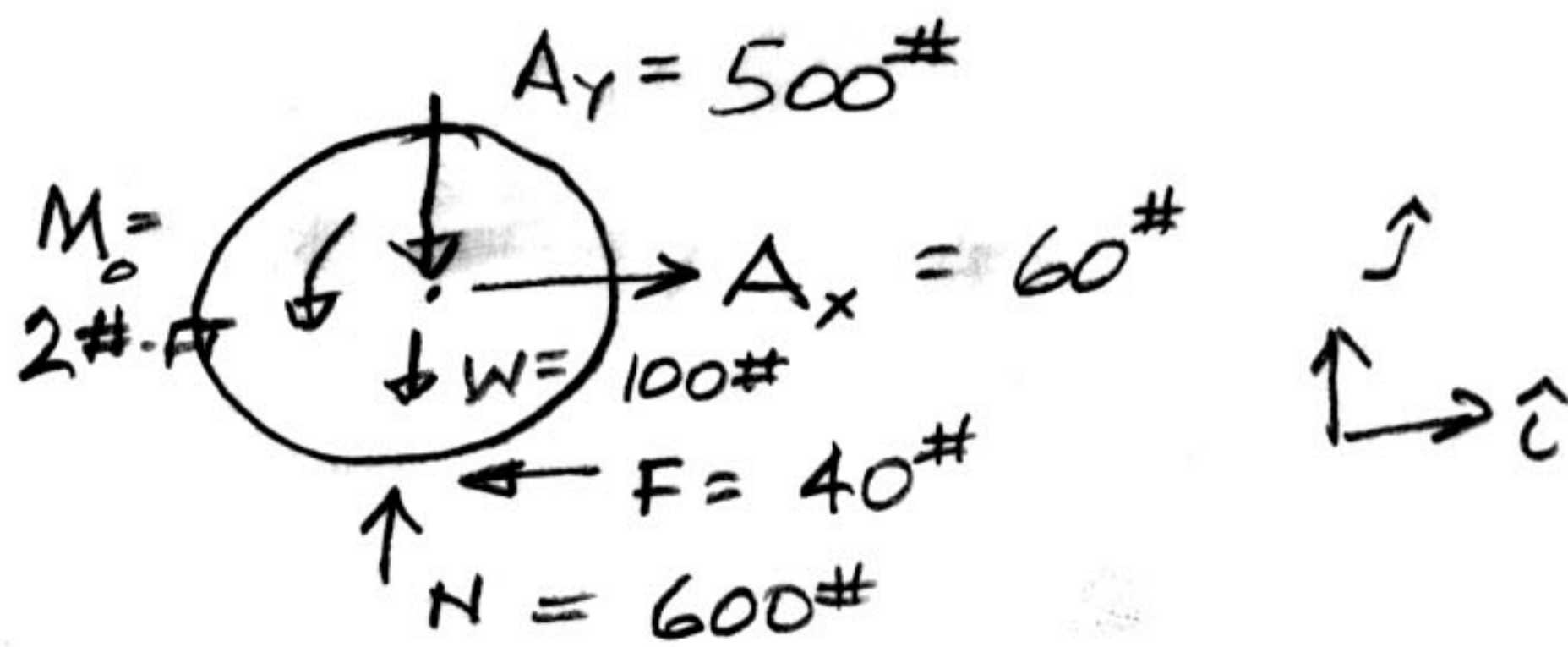
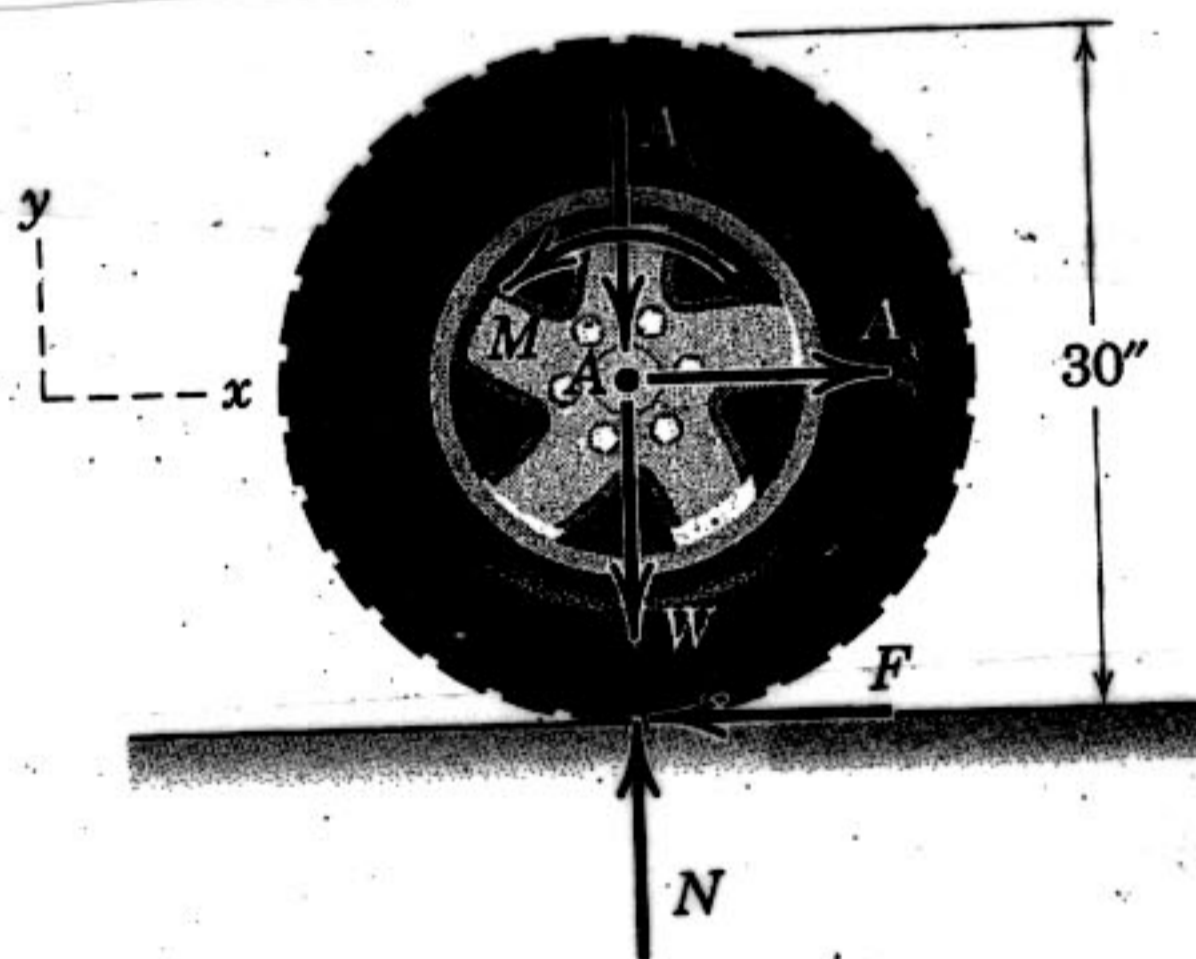
$R = \sqrt{7000^2 + 1875^2}$

$R = 7250 \text{ N}$

$= 1875 \text{ N}(0.5 \text{ m}) + 7000 \text{ N}(1 \text{ m})$

$M_G = 7940 \text{ N-m} \curvearrowright \text{ CW}$

2/89  
P. 62



$\underline{R} = \sum \underline{F} = \underline{A} + \underline{F} + \underline{N} = (60\hat{i} - 500\hat{j} + 600\hat{j} - 100\hat{j} - 40\hat{i})\#$

$\underline{R} = 20\hat{i} \#$

Where should R be placed to give the same M?

$(\frac{15}{12}\hat{j}) \times (40\hat{i}) + M_0 \hat{k} = \underline{r} \times \underline{R} = (x\hat{i} + y\hat{j}) \times 20\hat{i}$

$(-50\hat{k} + 2\hat{k})\# \cdot \text{ft} = -48\hat{k}\# = -20y\hat{k} \Rightarrow y = 2.4 \text{ FT}$  x is immaterial