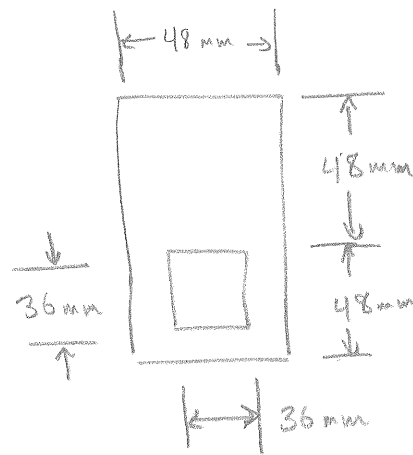
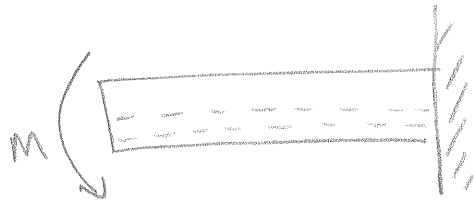


11.17)

What is  $M_{max}$ ?



Compression  $\Rightarrow \sigma_{max} = -150 \text{ MPa}$

tension  $\Rightarrow \sigma_{max} = 120 \text{ MPa}$

from bottom of cs,

$$\bar{y} = \frac{2(48\text{mm})^2(48\text{mm}) - (36\text{mm})^2(48\text{mm} - \frac{36\text{mm}}{2})}{2(48\text{mm})^2 - (36\text{mm})^2} = 55.0 \text{ mm}$$

$$I = \frac{1}{12}(48\text{mm})(96\text{mm})^3 + (48\text{mm})(96\text{mm})(55\text{mm} - 48\text{mm})^2 - \frac{1}{12}(36\text{mm})^4 - (36\text{mm})^2(55\text{mm} - (48\text{mm} - 18\text{mm}))^2$$

$$I = 2.815 \cdot 10^6 \text{ mm}^4 = 2.815 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ m}^4$$

$$\sigma = \frac{M y}{I} \quad \text{w/ } y \text{ measured from } \bar{y}$$

$\Rightarrow$  max compressive stress will be at bottom of beam

$$M_{max} = \left( -150 \cdot 10^6 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^2} \right) \left( \frac{2.815 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ m}^4}{-55 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m}} \right) = 7.68 \cdot 10^3 \text{ Nm}$$

$\Rightarrow$  max tension stress will be at top of beam

$$M_{max} = \left( 120 \cdot 10^6 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^2} \right) \left( \frac{2.815 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ m}^4}{96 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m} - 55 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m}} \right) = 8.24 \cdot 10^3 \text{ Nm}$$

maximum allowable couple  $\Rightarrow M_{max} = 7.68 \text{ kNm}$