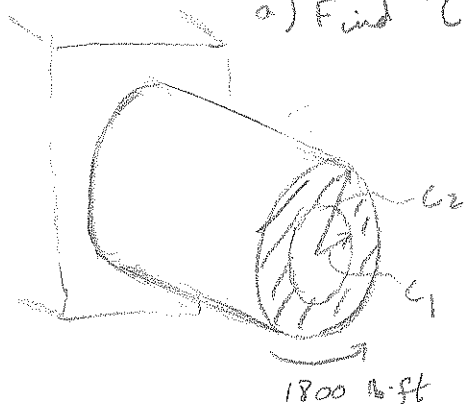


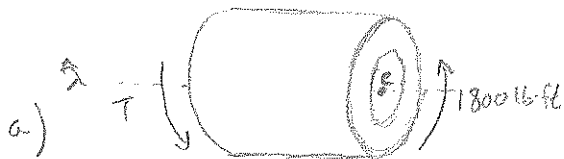
10.3

a) Find τ_{max} 

$$c_1 = \frac{1.6 \text{ in}}{2}$$

$$c_2 = \frac{2.4 \text{ in}}{2}$$

FBD



$$\sum M_{/c} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow T = 1800 \text{ lb-ft} \\ = 21600 \text{ lb-in}$$

$$\tau = \frac{T r}{J} \Rightarrow \tau_{max} = \frac{T c}{J}$$

$$J = \frac{\pi}{2} (c_2^4 - c_1^4) = \frac{\pi}{2} (1.2^4 - 0.8^4) \text{ in}^4 \\ = 2.61 \text{ in}^4$$

$$\tau_{max} = \frac{(21600 \text{ lb-in})(1.2 \text{ in})}{2.61 \text{ in}^4}$$

$$\tau_{max} = 9.92 \text{ ksi}$$

b) Determine the diameter of a solid shaft for same T and τ_{max} .



$$J = \frac{\pi}{2} c^4$$

$$\tau_{max} = \frac{T c}{J} \Rightarrow c = \left(\frac{2T}{\pi \tau_{max}} \right)^{1/3}$$

$$= \left[\frac{2(21600 \text{ lb-in})}{\pi(9.92 \text{ ksi})} \right]^{1/3} = 1.115 \text{ in}$$

diameter, $d = 2c \Rightarrow$

$$d = 2.23 \text{ in}$$

Note: Cross-sectional area of hollow shaft: $\pi(c_2^2 - c_1^2) = 2.51$
 Cross-sectional area of solid shaft: $\pi c^2 = 3.91 \text{ in}^2$
 Hollow shaft has similar radius that withstands the same τ_{max} using less material