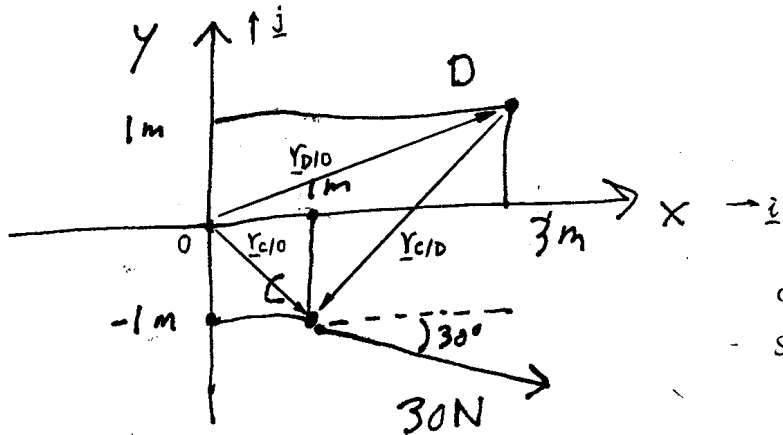


TAN 202  
Spring 2003

Quiz

Solution provided by  
Tian Tang

1) (7 pts) Find a force-couple system at D that is equivalent to the single force at C shown.



$$\begin{aligned} \cos 30^\circ &= \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ \sin 30^\circ &= \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{F}_C = (30\text{N}) [\cos 30^\circ \underline{i} - \sin 30^\circ \underline{j}] = (15\sqrt{3}\text{N}) \underline{i} - (15\text{N}) \underline{j}$$

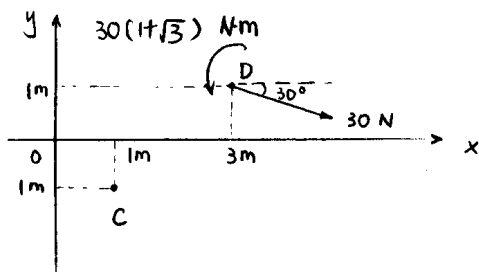
$$\underline{F}_D = \underline{F}_C = (15\sqrt{3}\text{N}) \underline{i} - (15\text{N}) \underline{j}$$

$$\underline{M}_{/D} = \underline{r}_{C/D} \times \underline{F}_D = [\underline{r}_{C/O} - \underline{r}_{D/O}] \times \underline{F}_D$$

$$= \{ [(1\text{m}) \underline{i} - (1\text{m}) \underline{j}] - [(3\text{m}) \underline{i} + (1\text{m}) \underline{j}] \} \times [(15\sqrt{3}\text{N}) \underline{i} - (15\text{N}) \underline{j}]$$

$$= [(-2\text{m}) \underline{i} - (2\text{m}) \underline{j}] \times [(15\sqrt{3}\text{N}) \underline{i} - (15\text{N}) \underline{j}]$$

$$= 30(1+\sqrt{3}) \text{N}\cdot\text{m} \underline{k}$$

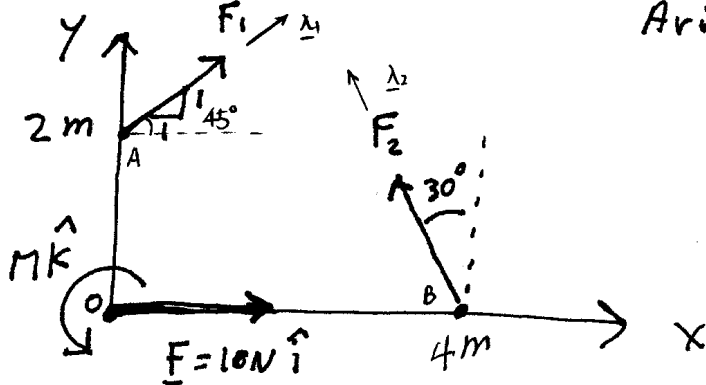


force-couple system at D.

$$\underline{F}_D = (15\sqrt{3}\text{N}) \underline{i} - (15\text{N}) \underline{j}$$

$$\underline{M}_D = 30(1+\sqrt{3}) \text{N}\cdot\text{m} \hat{k}$$

2) (10 pts) The force system  $(\underline{F}_1, \underline{F}_2)$  is equivalent to a force  $\underline{F} = 10\text{N}\hat{i}$  at the origin and a couple  $M\hat{k}$ . Find  $M$ . [You have sufficient information, Arithmetic is not nec. tidy.]



$$\textcircled{1} \quad \underline{F}_1 = F_1 (\cos 45^\circ \hat{i} + \sin 45^\circ \hat{j}) = F_1 \underline{\lambda}_1 \quad \underline{F}_2 = F_2 (-\sin 30^\circ \hat{i} + \cos 30^\circ \hat{j}) = F_2 \underline{\lambda}_2$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{F} = \underline{F}_1 + \underline{F}_2 = (F_1 \cos 45^\circ - F_2 \sin 30^\circ) \hat{i} + (F_1 \sin 45^\circ + F_2 \cos 30^\circ) \hat{j}$$

$$\left\{ (10\text{N}) \hat{i} = (F_1 \cos 45^\circ - F_2 \sin 30^\circ) \hat{i} + (F_1 \sin 45^\circ + F_2 \cos 30^\circ) \hat{j} \right\}$$

$$\left\{ \right\} \cdot (\hat{i} - \hat{j}) \Rightarrow -F_2 (\sin 30^\circ + \cos 30^\circ) = 10\text{N} \Rightarrow F_2 = -\frac{10\text{N}}{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} = -\frac{20\text{N}(1-\sqrt{3})}{(1+\sqrt{3})(1-\sqrt{3})} = -10(\sqrt{3}-1)\text{N}$$

$$\left\{ \right\} \cdot \hat{j} \Rightarrow F_1 \sin 45^\circ + F_2 \cos 30^\circ = 0\text{N} \Rightarrow F_1 = -F_2 \frac{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}}{\frac{1}{2}} = [10(\sqrt{3}-1)\text{N}] \cdot \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = 5(3\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{6})\text{N}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{2} \quad \underline{M}_{/O} &= \underline{r}_{A/O} \times \underline{F}_1 + \underline{r}_{B/O} \times \underline{F}_2 \\ &= (2\text{m})\hat{j} \times F_1 (\cos 45^\circ \hat{i} + \sin 45^\circ \hat{j}) + (4\text{m})\hat{i} \times F_2 (-\sin 30^\circ \hat{i} + \cos 30^\circ \hat{j}) \\ &= [- (2\text{m})F_1 \cos 45^\circ + (4\text{m})F_2 \cos 30^\circ] \hat{k} \\ &= \left\{ - (2\text{m}) [5(3\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{6})\text{N}] \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + (4\text{m}) [-10(\sqrt{3}-1)\text{N}] \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right\} \hat{k} \\ &= \{ 5(6-2\sqrt{3}) - 20(3-\sqrt{3}) \} \text{N}\cdot\text{m} \hat{k} = 30(\sqrt{3}-3) \text{N}\cdot\text{m} \hat{k} \end{aligned}$$

Note:

(1)  $\hat{i} - \hat{j}$  is chosen to be  $\perp$  to  $\underline{\lambda}_1$  to "kill"  $\underline{F}_1$  by dot product.

(2) You can also use

$$\left\{ \right\} \cdot \hat{i} \Rightarrow F_1 \cos 45^\circ - F_2 \sin 30^\circ = 10\text{N}$$

$$\left\{ \right\} \cdot \hat{j} \Rightarrow F_1 \sin 45^\circ + F_2 \cos 30^\circ = 0\text{N}$$

and solve the two eqns

$$\underline{M} = 30(\sqrt{3}-3) \text{N}\cdot\text{m} \hat{k}$$